氏名	1	2	3	4	5
1 仲宗根 祥	CHAPTER 2: BIOLOGICAL FOUNDATIONS OF PSYCHOLOGY disappear and everything returns to	Synaptic transmission and neural coding proteins lodged in the dendritic	In 1874 a German investigator, Carl Wernicke, reported that damage to another site in the cortex ···	Molecular genetics of behavior	A critique of Piaget's theory
	normal, to his relief and regret.	membrane of the postsynaptic neuron.		(CHAPTER 2 の終わりまで)	
2 長沼美優	Olfaction is the term used for our sense of smell. Hyperosmia (the increased ability to smell), ···	The neurotransmitter and the receptor site fit together like the pieces of a jigsaw puzzle or a key ···	Split-Brain research the right hemisphere, which received the	CHAPTER 3: PSYCHOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENT	Alternatives to Piaget's theory
			original visual input of the word nut.		
3 生井愛莉	THE STUDY OF THE BIOLOGICAL BASES OF PSYCHOLOGY	Neurotransmitters	In this experiment the word must be flashed on the screen for no more than a tenth of a second	HEREDITY AND ENVIRONMENT	Knowledge-acquisition approaches
	Our brain might very well be the single most complex object that we know about.			••• factors that can affect the normal maturation of the fetus.	
4 西美奈子	The study of the biological basis of our behavior involves considerations about its evolution and disgusting is part of an individual's socialization.	Norepinephrine		Motor development after birth also illustrates the interaction between genetically programmed ···	Sociocultural approaches
5 芳賀 南実	Another human response that can be understood from within a model of pre-adaptation is · · · · · · activated by distress associated with	THE ORGANIZATION OF THE BRAIN	THE AUTONOMIC NERVOUS SYSTEM	Stages of development	Theory of mind beliefs different from their own or different
6 古河萌	physical pain as well as with social exclusion. We have seen that some human behaviors (the response to morally offensive behavior and ···	Reticular formation	THE ENDOCRINE SYSTEM	CAPACITIES OF THE NEWBORN	from reality. How does this understanding develop? Bartsch and Wellman (1995) argue that the developmental ···
7 松田 侑也	NEURONS, THE BUILDING BLOCKS OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM neuron integrates information from	The forebrain	EVOLUTION, GENES, AND BEHAVIOR	Hearing	The development of moral judgment wider social issues rather than just
	multiple pre-synaptic neurons. Although all neurons have these general	Limbic system	Chromosomes and genes	Learning and memory	personal and interpersonal situations. The American psychologist Lawrence
8 宮本裕美	features, they vary greatly in size and shape (see Figure 2.4). ···	Linibe system	Cironosomes and genes	Leanning and memory	Kohlberg extended Piaget's work on moral reasoning to ···
9 三好 正剛	Action potentials	Cerebral cortex	Dominant and recessive genes	COGNITIVE DEVELOPMENT IN CHILDHOOD	PERSONALITY AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT
	···, thus preventing sensory signals from reaching the brain (Catterall, 2000).	••• by means of its sensitive whiskers, has a separate cortical area for each whisker.			
10 山添 花実	When a neuron is not generating an action potential, it is referred to as a resting	At the back of each occipital lobe in the cortex is the primary visual area. Figure 2.14 shows the optic ···	Sex-linked genes	The sensorimotor stage	Temperament
	energy can be used to generate action potentials. How does this happen?				··· across time (Chess & Thomas, 1984; Thomas & Chess, 1986, 1977).
11 松坂 清麻	The electric potential across a neuron's cell membrane will change if it is stimulated by other neurons	Mapping the brain; some left-handed individuals have right-	Twin studies	Operational stages	This early research on the stability of temperament was criticized on several methodological grounds
		hemisphere speech centers.			

Identity development Identity development Coding of intensity and quality (担当量調整のため1回休み) ATTENTION ATTENTION	0
2 長沼 美優 Attachment (担当量調整のため1回休み) The visual system Hearing pitch Attention, perception, at 4 西 美奈子 Attachment (担当量調整のため1回休み) The visual system Hearing pitch Attention, perception, at 5 芳賀 南実 Later development Absolute thresholds: detecting minimum Seeing patterns OTHER SENSES Grouping of objects Self-concept Difference thresholds: detecting changes in Seeing color Gustation Perceiving distance	
3 生并愛莉 Parenting styles CHARACTERISTICS OF SENSORY MODALITIES Seeing light Theories of pitch perception LOCALIZATION 4 西美奈子 Later development Absolute thresholds: detecting minimum intensities OTHER SENSES Grouping of objects Self-concept Difference thresholds: detecting changes in Seeing color Gustation Perceiving distance	
4 西美奈子 Later development Absolute thresholds: detecting minimum Seeing patterns OTHER SENSES Grouping of objects intensities Self-concept Difference thresholds: detecting changes in Seeing color Gustation Perceiving distance	and memory
5 芳賀 南実 intensities Self-concept Difference thresholds: detecting changes in Seeing color Gustation Perceiving distance	
Gender identity and sex typing (担当量調整のため1回休み) Color appearance Pressure and temperature Monocular cues	
8 宮本 裕美 Cognitive-developmental theory. Suprathreshold sensation Implication of the matching-by-three-primaries law (Chapter 4の終わりまで)	
9 三好 正剛 Gender schema theory. Signal detection theory Theories of color vision CHAPTER 5: PERCEPTION RECOGNITION	
ADOLESCENT DEVELOPMENT Hits and false alarms Sensation and perception: a preview WHAT IS THE USE OF PERCEPTION? Global-to-local processin	ing
Psychological effects of puberty Sensory coding AUDITION Five functions of perception The binding problem: prattentive processes	ore-attentive and